

MINVO Basis: Finding simplexes with minimum volume enclosing polynomial curves

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Abstract-

This paper studies the polynomial basis that generates the smallest n -simplex enclosing a given n -th-degree polynomial curve in \mathbb{R}^n . Although the Bernstein and B-Spline polynomial bases provide feasible solutions to this problem, the simplexes obtained by these bases are not the smallest possible, which leads to overly conservative results in many CAD (computer-aided design) applications. We first prove that the polynomial basis that solves this problem (MINVO basis) also solves for the n -th-degree polynomial curve with largest convex hull enclosed in a given n -simplex. Then, we present a formulation that is independent of the n -simplex or n -th-degree polynomial curve given. By using Sum-Of-Squares (SOS) programming, branch and bound, and moment relaxations, we obtain high-quality feasible solutions for any $n \in \mathbb{N}$, and prove (numerical) global optimality for $n=1,2,3$ and (numerical) local optimality for $n=4$. The results obtained for $n=3$ show that, for any given 3rd-degree polynomial curve in \mathbb{R}^3 , the MINVO basis is able to obtain an enclosing simplex whose volume is 2.36 and 254.9 times smaller than the ones obtained by the Bernstein and B-Spline bases, respectively. When $n=7$, these ratios increase to 902.7 and $2.997 \cdot 10^{21}$, respectively.

Index Terms- Minimum enclosing simplex; Curve with largest convex hull; Polynomial basis; Polynomial curve; Spline

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